## 國立體育大學103學年度研究所碩士班入學考試試題

科目:英文

(本試題共3頁)

**※注意:**1答案一律寫在答案卷上,否則不予計分

2請核對試卷、准考證號碼與座位號碼三者是否相符。

3試卷『彌封處』不得汚損、破壞。

4行動電話或呼叫器等通訊器材不得隨身攜帶,並且關機。

(總計 100 分)

# Part I. Reading Comprehension, Vocabulary, Grammar, Special Expressions & Translation (80 % )

【選擇題每題2分;翻譯題每題3分】

### 1. (15分)

Sophie is a beautiful and \_(1)\_ young career woman. She works \_(2)\_ an inter- national publishing company. Her job is editing writers' manuscripts. She has traveled all over the world because traveling is an important part of her work. \_(3)\_ her work and travel, she has met many single men who <u>are interested in her romantically (4)</u>. Right now she feels a little troubled because three men, Derek, Winston, and Ethan, want to marry her. She also <u>feels a commitment to (5)</u> continue her career. <u>Her options are as follows (6)</u>: to marry Derek, to marry Winston, to marry Ethan, and to continue her career.

(1) (a) inevitabl	e (b) intelligent	(c) insignificant	(d) astrological	
(2) (a) into	(b) at	(c) of	(d) from	
(3) (a) By	(b) Through	(c) With	(d) Tor	
(4) <u>"are interested in her romantically"</u> :[譯文]				
(5) <u>"feels a commitment to"</u> : [譯文]				
6) <u>"Her options are as follows"</u> : [譯文]				

#### 2. (14分)

Canadian people have found a new use for the signs of the zodiac: <u>license plate (7)</u> reading. It all began when the department of motor vehicles required that each driver's birth month \_(8)\_ on the license plate of his or her car. The idea was to facilitate \_(9)\_ <u>driver's license renewal (10)</u>. But astrologer Sheila Kendall soon found that there was a connection between the sign you were born under and the kind of driver you might be, and even what kind of car you might prefer. When a number of drivers \_(11)\_ on a television news show, they found Miss Kendall's observations (12) accurate.

(7) " <u>license plate</u> " : [請	澤文]			
(8) (a) be displayed	(b) display (	(c) is displayed	(d) being displayed	
(9) (a) year (	b) year's (	c) yearly	(d) a year's	
(10) " <u>driver's license re</u> ı	<u>newal</u> " : [譯文	T]		
(11) (a) interviewed (b) interviewing (c) were interviewed (d) had interviewed				
(12) (a) surprised (	b) surprise	(c) surprising	(d) surprisingly	

#### 3. (6分)

In 1985 millions of people were listening to Conga, a hit song. It made singer Gloria Estefan and bandleader Emilio Estefan international stars. Born in Cuba, Gloria was only 16 months old when she and her family moved to the United States. By that time she was already showing musical talent. She first met Emilio when he went to speak to her high school music class. Soon after, he convinced her to join his group. The two

married a few years later. In 1990, while they were enjoying their success, Gloria broke her back in a traffic accident. She recovered and went on to win many awards for her Spanish and English songs.  (13) Conga is
(a) a popular song (b) a Cuba girl (c) a famous star (d) a Spanish singer (14) Gloria was
(a) injured in an accident (b) a music teacher (c) from Spain (d) a bandleader (15) Which of the following is NOT true?
(a) Gloria and Emilio got divorced after a traffic accident. (b) Gloria already showed her musical talent when she was still very young. (c) Gloria got married with Emilio after she joined his group.
(d) Gloria met her husband when she was in high school.
4. (13 分) I have always been a work-hard, play-hard (16) kind of guy. I grew up in Idaho, and my family did a lot of _(17)_ like rock climbing and white-water rafting (18). Lately, people have named these activities "extreme sports," but to me they have always seemed just like normal fun (19). I have been working on a master's degree for a couple of years, but I still take time out to play. Since I _(20)_ to San Diego, I have gone on six scuba dives and last year. I finally learned how to skydive. This month, I have already completed five jumps (16) "work-hard, play-hard" means: [譯文]
(17) (a) adventure sport (b) adventuring sport
(c) adventurous sporting   (d) adventure sports (18) " <u>white-water rafting</u> ":[譯文]
(19) " <u>normal fun</u> ":[譯文]
(20) (a) move (b) were moving (c) moved (d) have moved
<ul> <li>5. (8分)</li> <li>Mr. Barricelli, 27, graduated from the University of Idaho in 2012. He has been studying for a master's degree in sport management at the University of California. In his free time he pursues his passion for skydiving. His father has been a senior partner at a Boise accounting _(21)_, Poler &amp; Co., since 1987. His mother, who is retired, worked as a nurse for 30 years. Mr. Barricelli's _(22)_ marriage ended in divorce. Now, he and his newly-wed wife plan to go on a skydiving honeymoon in the Caribbean.</li> <li>(21) (a) officer (b) company (c) firm (d) cooperation</li> <li>(22) (a) previous (b) the first (c) before (d) forward</li> <li>(23) Which of the following is NOT true?</li> <li>(a) Mr. Barricelli's mother is working as a nurse now.</li> <li>(b) Mr. Barricelli's father is an accountant.</li> <li>(d) Mr. Barricelli has a bachelor's degree.</li> <li>(24) Which of the following is TRUE about Mr. Barricelli?</li> <li>(a) He is having a skydiving honeymoon in California now.</li> <li>(b) He used to work at a local hospital for 3 years.</li> <li>(c) He likes to get divorced if possible.</li> <li>(d) This is his second marriage.</li> </ul>
6. (6分) What are some new developments in naming children? Many parents are using yesterday's nicknames as today's formal given names. Carrie is becoming more popular than Caroline, for example. Also, more and more parents are selecting <u>unisex names (25)</u> such as Dana, Leslie, or Marty. Any many are turning to their roots and choosing names from their ethnic background. Names like Lateef (North African: "gentle") and Jonina (Hebrew: "dove") are showing up on <u>birth certificates (26)</u> .  (25) " <u>Unisex names</u> ": [譯文]

7. (9 分) The interviewer, Judy Darling, made some final observations about Sheila Kendall's findings on the

connection between astrology and license plates. There are two dangers inherent in her new form of <u>astrological forecasting (27)</u>. First, most of the signs span more than one month, so you cannot be absolutely sure you have the true sign. Second, by the time you are close enough to read the months on the license plates, you are too close.

(27) "astrological forecasting": [譯文]

(28) \_\_ How many dangers are there according to the passage? (a) One. (b) Two. (c) Three. (d) We cannot be absolutely sure. (29) Who is the interviewer? (a) Sheila Kendall (b) An astrologer (c) Judy Darling (d) We don't know. (30) \_\_ Why can't one be absolutely sure about the true sign and thus the connection between astrology and license plates? (a) Because most of the sings span more than one month. (b) Because nobody believes it. (c) Because Sheila Kendall is a liar. (d) Because it is exciting to get too close to a car in front of yours. **8. (9**分) (31) \_\_ "What's your major in college?": (a) 你是學院的主管嗎? (b) 你在大學讀什麼系? (c) 你讀什麼樣的大學? (d) 你在哪一個學院裡面? (32) "What else is on, Joe?" "Well, how about some science fiction? (a) 還有東西在上面嗎? (b) 有其他人在上面嗎? (c) 還有什麼片子在上演?(d) 上頭還有什麼好玩的? (33) \_\_ "我來此度假。" (a) I come here to attend a sport conference. (b) I am here on vacation. (c) I am here to plan a holiday tour for my family. (d) I am here on an errand. (34) A: Where do you see this sign "WAIT BEHIND THE YELLOW LINE"? **B**: In a bank or at the MRT station. "WAIT BEHIND THE YELLOW LINE":[譯文] Part II. Grammar (20 分) 1. \_\_ It was 2012, and I \_\_ in Denver for a year. (a) have been living (b) was living (c) had been living (d) lived 2. \_\_ I met my wife, Meri, while I \_\_ some classes at the local college. (a) was taking (b) have been taking (c) had been taking (d) take care 3. She a ski instructor at a resort at that time, and she was working every weekend. (b) was (c) has been (d) had been (a) is 4. \_\_ As soon as my friend introduced us, I \_\_ her about her name. (a) asked (b) have asked (c) was asking (d) had asked 5. \_\_ It \_\_ from *la mer*, the French word for sea. (a) has come (b) was coming (c) comes (d) is coming 6. \_\_ Her parents \_\_ her after their profession. (a) name (b) are naming (c) were naming (d) had named 7. \_\_ Before they \_\_\_, they had both been diving instructors. (a) had retired (b) have retired (c) retired (d) retire 8. \_\_ After Jennifer turned eighteen, they \_\_ to give her diving lessons. (a) always try (b) were always trying (c) are always trying (d) have always tried 9. \_\_ When we \_\_ married, we had been dating about a year. (a) get (b) had gotten (c) have gotten (d) got 10. \_\_ We've been reading baby-name books for weeks, but we \_\_ a name yet. (a) didn't choose (b) don't choose (c) hadn't chosen (d) haven't chosen